Today’s Human Resources (HR) leader has a wonderful opportunity to make an important strategic contribution:

**Become your organization’s Chief Culture Officer**

All too often, the CEO, in a search for some competitive advantage, emphasizes the next big thing such as a strategic acquisition or reorganizing the sales organization to capture key customers. Meanwhile, the HR function may not be in the center of the action.

HR might be limited to the realms of compensation, benefits, regulatory compliance, or employee policies, relations, and discipline. HR is too often seen as a staff cost center, not a source of competitive advantage.
Not all HR departments are viewed that way. At many of the innovative companies we interviewed for our book, *Triple Crown Leadership: Building Excellent, Ethical, and Enduring Organizations*, we saw much more progressive HR approaches: for example, at CH2M Hill, Clif Bar, DaVita, eBay, Google, Mayo Clinic, Medtronic, and Zappos. At some of those organizations, the CEO was in effect the Chief Culture Officer. But these situations seem to be the exception, not the rule. If your CEO acts as the Chief Culture Officer, great. Then you can be his or her Chief Culture Execution Officer.

But most CHROs aren’t that fortunate, and you may need some ammunition to persuade the CEO that focusing on building culture can be a source of competitive advantage:

- Researchers have found a “strong relationship between constructive organizational cultures and financial performance.”
- According to a 2011 Booz & Company report, “Culture matters, enormously. Studies have shown again and again that there may be no more critical source of business success or failure than a company’s culture—it trumps strategy and leadership (emphasis added).”
- Author James Heskett estimates that an “effective culture can account for 20 to 30 percent of the difference in performance versus ‘culturally unremarkable’ competitors.”

“I came to see, in my time at IBM, that culture isn’t just one aspect of the game, it is the game. In the end, an organization is nothing more than the collective capacity of its people to create value.”
-Lou Gerstner, former IBM CEO, in *Who Says Elephants Can’t Dance?*

We think of organizational culture as “how we do things here”: how people behave. Culture forms over time and drives what happens when the bosses are not present. It sets the tone for the organization, the norms for what is acceptable behavior. Culture is a powerful force in determining how an organization operates and whether it succeeds.

“No company has a culture; every company is a culture.”
-Peter Thiel with Blake Masters in *Zero to One*
Organizations with a toxic culture pay a heavy price in lost revenue, staff attrition, low productivity, damaged reputation, lawsuits, and more. Ego, greed, deceit, conflict, gamesmanship, mistrust, turf wars, backstabbing, and exploitation spawn toxic cultures.

Organizations with a nondescript, non-defined, haphazard culture (perhaps this sounds familiar?) do nothing to help their organizations compete and thrive.

By contrast, organizations with a high-performance culture of character—think of Southwest Airlines, Zappos, Patagonia, and DreamWorks—set in motion a self-reinforcing, positive, and virtuous cycle with their stakeholders. Employees identify more with the enterprise and bring more of their talents, creativity, and commitment to their work. This healthy culture positively affects profitability, growth, productivity, staff retention, reputation and relationships with customers and suppliers, and more.

A healthy culture by no means guarantees success, but it provides the energy boost and commitment to build an exceptional organization. In a high-performance culture of character, everybody expects excellent, ethical, and enduring performance and impact—what we call “triple crown leadership.”

Culture is the legacy of leadership.
A high-performance culture of character is the legacy of triple crown leadership.

So, what can Chief Human Resources Officers (CHROs) do to help their organizations excel? Here are some practical suggestions.

1. Become the Chief Culture Officer. Live and breathe culture-building, making it your top priority.

2. Persuade the CEO. Persuade your CEO that culture is critical. Volunteer to lead an effort to make your culture a competitive advantage. You probably don’t need more money, time, or staff. You mostly need buy-in (and perhaps cover). Promise periodic updates on progress.

3. Align with Organizational Goals and Strategy. Make sure you have a seat at the goal- and strategy-setting meetings. Align your culture-building efforts to the goals and strategy. If you can’t gain that access immediately, ask another officer (CFO, CSO, COO, CEO) for a briefing.
4. **Get a Baseline.** Conduct a baseline assessment to determine what your current culture is. Your baseline can be as simple as gathering input on these questions:
   a. How do we do things here?
   b. What are the accepted norms of behavior?
   c. On a one-to-five scale, how does this culture contribute to or detract from the achievement of our goals and strategy?
   Use team meetings, employee interviews, online surveys, and/or town hall meetings to gather data. After a few weeks, you’ll have a good picture of the current culture.

5. **Brainstorm and Synthesize the Ideal.** Conduct a few sessions with some influential leaders at various levels in the organization. Explore questions like: What is our desired culture? How would we be operating if we were really the best-of-the-best in our field? From this input, you can synthesize a succinct and aspirational statement of your organization’s desired culture in a page or less.

6. **Determine How to Fill the Gap.** Now it’s time for some brainstorming and innovative thinking from you and your colleagues: “Okay, now how do we fill the gap between the current culture and our desired culture? What must we do differently?” Be practical and specific. In the process, recruit committed volunteers and allies to begin the cultural transformation. Here are ideas for how to fill the gap:
   a. **Make Culture a Priority.** Keep the initiative visible. Get culture on daily agendas and priority lists across departments.
   c. **Redefine Shared Values.** Shared values are those things that are most important to you. Think about what you believe and stand for, and the norms for how people should behave. See our guide to setting organizational and team values: [http://triplecrownleadership.com/high-performance-begins-with-shared-values/](http://triplecrownleadership.com/high-performance-begins-with-shared-values/)
   d. **Hire and Promote for Cultural Fit.** When you interview new talent, or are considering someone for a promotion, make his or her fit with your desired culture an explicit requirement. Write explicit culture
requirements into job descriptions. Hire and promote slowly: in other words, only when you are confident of good cultural fit.

e. **Unleash Cultural Stewards.** Though people all work in their functional areas (HR, IT, Sales, etc.), they should all have another job: *steward of the culture*. That means they have an irrevocable license to speak up, protecting and defending the desired culture and shared values—even speaking truth to power as a “voice of one.” These culture stewards can invoke peer pressure to change behavior.

f. **Inculcate Culture.** Culture needs to be baked into the DNA of every team. Start with the groups or departments most likely to embrace the new culture ideas and methodically work your way toward those departments that are likely to resist. Culture change takes time, thoughtfulness, and discipline.

g. **Reward.** Celebrate and reward people who are the cultural stewards through public recognition, awards, bonuses, raises, and promotions. Be creative and resourceful, and have fun with this.

7. **Culture Change Plan.** Once you have identified your culture gap fillers, draft a Culture Change Plan. It doesn’t have to be long. It can contain an Executive Summary and Appendices with supplementary data. Share it with all your colleagues as the road map for culture change.

8. **Model It.** As Chief Culture Officer, be the exemplar of the desired culture. Everyone will be watching what you do more than what you say. If (when) you slip up, admit it, apologize, and ask for help to improve.

9. **Be Resolute.** Use your leadership authority and position to insist that everyone operate by the cultural norms you set together. No exceptions, even for top performers. They too must operate by the shared cultural norms or leave. Otherwise, your efforts will be undermined. Our experience is that when toxic superstars depart for values violations, the aggregate performance level of the remaining group actually improves.

10. **Appoint Culture Champions.** Empower a small group of trusted colleagues across departments to be proactive about culture recommendations and to take independent action. Meet with them often and assess progress. Keep their enthusiasm levels high. You can’t do it all, and you need their leadership.
11. **Conduct Periodic Assessments.** Monitor the culture through periodic assessments, formal or informal. Culture change is not a one-shot fix. It is a never-ending process that needs time, attention, and leadership.

12. **Brief the Leadership Team.** Brief the leadership team, including the CEO and board members, quarterly (or even monthly) on what is happening with culture to achieve the corporate goals and strategy. Keep the initiative visible. Downplay your own role, and celebrate what leaders throughout the organization are doing to build the culture.

By creating a high-performance culture, you will engage people, build trust, infuse meaning into people’s work, bring more joy into your workplace, and position the organization for greatness.

**Core Concept:** Building a high-performance culture of character is an unappreciated and underused way of helping organizations thrive. The CHRO should lead that effort.

**Feedback:** How else can the CHRO become the Chief Culture Officer, and what other ideas do you have for improving culture? We welcome your ideas and feedback.

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